MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE



- Absolute singleturn and multiturn on one PCB
- Kit solution no ball bearing, no tether, ultra compact: 22 mm and 36 mm diameter
- Digital serial interface: BiSS C
- Electrical resolution: Up to 17 bit singleturn and 32 bit multiturn
- Operating temperature: -40 to +105 °C / -40 to 221 °F
- Very robust, insensitive to dust or humidity
- Easy installation, no manual alignment due to electronic calibration, relaxed mechanical tolerances
- In comparison to resolvers, full digital interface, no signal processing on motor controller required, no additional expensive voltage generator needed
- Additional functionality like electronic datasheet (EDS), up to 4 Kbyte OEM memory
- Integrated temperature sensor on board
- Kit design includes shielding concept against external fields e.g. from magnetic brake

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

Contents

Contact	3
Safety	4
1. Introduction	5
2. Electrical Data	6
2.1 Connector	6
2.2 Electrical Characteristics	6
2.3 Communication Parameters	7
3. BiSS C Interface	8
3.1 Transmission Protocol	8
3.1.1 BiSS Transmission Frame	9
3.1.2 Register Communication	9
4. Registers	11
4.1 Register Accessing	
5. Configuration Interface (UBICOM)	
5.1 Message Format	
5.2 Commands	
6. Hardware and Software Features	
6.1 Function Overview	
6.2 Temperature Readout	
6.3 Wiegand Sensor Test 6.4 Calibration	
6.5 Data Storage	
6.6 Filter Selection	
6.7 Preset Function	
6.8 Diagnostics	
7. Plug & Play via USB	
7.1 Kit Control Box	
7.2 BiSS Reader	
8. References	
9. Appendix	
9.1 Register Overview	
9.1.1 Direct Registers	
9.1.2 Bank 0 / Special Encoder Functions	
9.1.3 Bank 1 / Special Encoder Functions	
9.1.4 Bank 2 / EDS Encoder Data	
9.1.5 Bank 3 / EDS Encoder Data	

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

Release Note

Version Date: 22.04.2021 Version Number: 4.7 Authors: ABA, MLE, MLA, DKI Reviewer: KMA, YTR, SHI

Valid for

IXARC Encoder Kit Type	Firmware version
KCD-BC00B-1617-XXXX-XXX	≥ 1.1.2
KCD-BC01B-1617-XXXX-XXX	≥ 1.1.2
KCD-BC03B-XX17-XXXX-XXX	≥ 1.6.0
KCD-BC13B-XX17-XXXX-XXX	≥ 1.12.0

User Annotation

Pease note, that no responsibility is assumed by POSITAL for any consequences arising out of the use of this material. This document is not intended as an instruction manual for untrained people.

POSITAL welcomes all readers to send us feedback and comments about this document.

Contact

FRABA America

T +1 609 750-8705

info@posital.com

FRABA Europe

T +49 221 96213-0

info@posital.eu

FRABA Asia

T +65 6514 8880

info@posital.sg

© FRABA B.V., All rights reserved. The company FRABA B.V. claims copyright on this documentation. It is not allowed to modify, to extend, to hand over to a third party and to copy this documentation without written approval by the company FRABA B.V.. Nor is any liability assumed for damages resulting from the use of the information contained herein. Further, this publication and features described herein are subject to change without notice. We do not assume responsibility for technical inaccuracies or omissions. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

MANUAL

IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

A Safety

- The encoder must be installed by qualified personnel only, exhibiting knowledge in electronics and mechanics.
- Consider all safety and accident regulations valid for your country.
- Switch off the supply voltage of all devices connected to the encoder before installation.
- Avoid an electrical supply voltage while connecting the encoder.
- Avoid exerting shocks on motor shaft and mounting flange to prevent the encoder from being mechanically damaged.
- Rotary machine shafts may catch hair and cloths and cause injury.
- Mount the encoder in an ESD-conform fashion, avoid high voltages, e.g. static electricity discharged from a human body.
- Consider the specifications of the encoder. The device must be operated in the specified range.
- Metal filings or metal dust must be kept away from kit encoder parts and also during the assembly process.

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

1. Introduction

With a combination of accuracy, reliability, robustness and cost efficiency POSITAL's magnetic kit encoders provide a unique variety of functionalities. An electrical resolution of up to 17 bit offers an accurate singletum measurement. The multiturn range covers more than one million revolutions. A large temperature range between -40 °C and +105 °C makes the kit encoders applicable in lots of environmental conditions. The kit encoder components include an electronics package mounted on a compact PCB and a small permanent magnet, designed to be mounted on the end of a motor shaft. The electronics package includes four Hall sensors, a powerful 32-bit microprocessor and a rotation counter based on POSITAL's Wiegand energy harvesting system. The BiSS C interface enables a direct digital sensor data transmission and an access to device and customer related register data, stored in the kit encoders internal memory.

The multiturn counting is realized by POSITAL's energy harvesting system, based on the Wiegand effect. At any revolution, a voltage pulse is generated, which triggers the increment of an internal multiturn counter. This Wiegand pulse counting requires no external energy source. Therefore, a backup battery or complex gear systems can be eliminated.

In contrast to optical encoders, the installation of POSITAL's magnetic kit encoders requires no clean room similar conditions and can be performed under normal factory conditions. The integrated electronic autocalibration function corrects position errors due to minor misalignments between motor shaft and electronics package and makes a manual alignment procedure obsolete. In addition, a software integrated Wiegand pulse test determines the performance of the multiturn counter system. The kit encoder's embedded software monitors the system and provides associated error codes, that are transmitted during normal sensor operation. Furthermore, status and error information can be read out from the memory register.

In this manual, an overview of our BiSS C kit encoder is presented. The electrical connection and characteristics of the device are provided in chapter 2, a brief description of the BiSS C protocol is given in chapter 3 and an overview to the memory allocation is presented in chapter 4. Chapter 5 gives a description of the serial communication protocol UBICOM, which can be used for configuration purposes aside from BiSS C. The integrated hardware and software features of the kit encoder are described in chapter 6.

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

2. Electrical Data

2.1 Connector

Connector Type: Ø 36mm KIT: BM08B-GHS-TBT (JST) Ø 22mm KIT: BM08B-NSHSS-TBT (JST)

Pin No.	KCD-BC00B	KCD-BC01B KCD-BC03B KCD-BC13B	BiSS Std.	Description
1 (blue)	GND	GND	V -	Ground reference voltage
2 (rose)	-	Preset	-	Preset trigger
3 (gray)	Config	Config	-	Config via serial communication (UBICOM)
4 (green)	Data +	Data +	SLO +	BiSS Slave Data +
5 (yellow)	Data -	Data -	SLO -	BiSS Slave Data -
6 (white)	CLK -	CLK -	MA -	BiSS Clock -
7 (brown)	CLK +	CLK +	MA +	BiSS Clock +
8 (red)	VCC	VCC	V +	Supply Voltage with respect to GND

Table 1: Main Connector Allocation.

2.2 Electrical Characteristics

ltem No.	Parame- ter	Sym- bol	ø	Typekey	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
		36mm	KCD-BC00B	4.75	5.0	12.5		@25 °C, DC, other	
201	201 Supply Voltage VCC	VCC	36mm	KCD-BC01B/ KCD-BC03B/ KCD-BC13B	4.75	5.0	15.0	V	voltages possible on re-
			22mm	KCD-BC03B/ KCD-BC13B	4.5	5.0	5.5		quest.
202	Power Con- sumption	PC	36mm	KCD-BC01B/ KCD-BC03B/ KCD-BC13B		0.3		w	-

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

ltem No.	Parame- ter	Sym- bol	ø	Typekey	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
			22mm	KCD-BC03B/ KCD-BC13B		0.45			
			36mm	KCD-BC00B			-12.5		
203 Reverse Polarity Protec- tion		36mm	KCD-BC01B/ KCD-BC03B/ KCD-BC13B			-15.0	V	-	
	tion		22mm	KCD-BC03B/ KCD-BC13B			-		

Table 2: Kit Encoder Electrical Characteristics.

2.3 Communication Parameters

The communication parameters are listed below and can also be found in the memory of the kit encoder. The corresponding entries can be accessed by the registers in the EDS banks (see 7.1.3, 7.1.4).

Item No.	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
301	Serial Communication Format	BiSS C (p	point to p	-			
302	Output Driver	RS-422					-
303	BISS C, SCD	Multiturn Singleturn Error (ER Warning CRC	n (ST) R)		16 bit 17 bit 1 bit 1 bit 6 bit		Default. MSB first, left aligned.
304	CRC	Length Start value Polynomial Transmission			6 bit 0x00 0x43 inverte	d	Default, can be changed on re- quest.
305	Clock Frequency	CF	0.08		10	MHz	-
306	Interface Cycle Time	СТ	50			μs	At 50µs the clock fre- quency must be ≥ 2MHz

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

	Item No.	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
-	307	BiSS Timeout	Bto			18	μs	-
-	308	BiSS Busytime	Bbt	6.5	7.5	8	μs	-

Table 3: BISS Communication Parameters.

3. BiSS C Interface

The BiSS C interface provides a communication connection between a master device, representing the motor control unit and its connected slave device, representing the kit encoder. The devices are connected in a point to point configuration, that only requires two unidirectional lines (clock and data) using differential signaling each. The slave device is synchronized by the clock signal (MA), generated by the master. Therefore, it receives the transferred clocks and passes on its generated signal to the slave output line (SLO), which is directly connected to the input line of the master (see figure 1). A detailed description of the protocol is presented by iC-Haus [1].

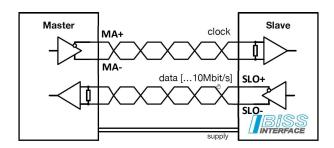


Figure 1: BiSS Interface, point-to-point.

3.1 Transmission Protocol

The BiSS C protocol describes a serial communication that is cycle based. For each transmission cycle two types of data are transmitted: Single Cycle Data (SCD) and Control Data (CD).

The Single Cycle Data is primary used to transmit sensor data as the current singleturn and multiturn value from the kit encoder (slave) to the master. The Control Data is transmitted with one bit per cycle and allows register communication as the reading and writing of the slave register, see section 3.1.2.

In the following section 3.1.1, the transmission cycle of the BiSS communication is described in detail.

MANUAL

IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

3.1.1 BiSS Transmission Frame

The communication between master and slave follows a defined pattern based on the BiSS transmission frame (see figure 2).

The BiSS transmission frame is started and ended by the master clock signal (MA). The first falling edge of the MA latches the kit encoder position. With the first rising edge, the slave sets the SLO line to "0" to generate the acknowledge signal (ACK). The acknowledge signal is active (SLO ="0") until the sensor data is processed and ready to send. When the slave is ready to send data, the start bit is set (SLO="1") synchronized with the MA clock. The next bit sent, is the Control Data Slave bit (CDS). Control Data are transmitted with one bit per cycle. Afterwards the Single Cycle Data (SCD) is send.

The SCD consists of:

Multiturn value (MT)	Singleturn value (ST)	Error (ERR)	Warning (WARN)	CRC
16 bit	17 bit	1 bit	1 bit	6 bit

The MSB is transmitted first. The transmission frame ends with a timeout (SLO="0"). During this time, the Control Data Master bit (CDM) is defined by the master. The idle state of MA and SLO is "1" till the beginning of the next cycle.

The CRC is calculated on the bit string including MT, ST, ERR and WARN. For more information on the CRC calculation, see [2].

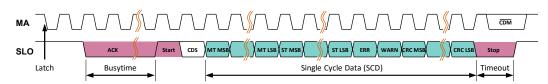


Figure 2: BISS Transmission Frame Overview.

3.1.2 Register Communication

By using register communication, the slave registers can be accessed. This allows the execution of the sensor calibration, the Wiegand sensor test and the query of status and device information. Therefore, the slave registers are accessed with their corresponding addresses. There are two ways to establish a register communication with the kit encoder (slave). The first option is to build up serial communication via the config pin using the UBICOM protocol. For the definition and further details on the UBICOM protocol see chapter 5. The second option is to use a communication device supporting BiSS C (BiSS C master), such as a BiSS reader.

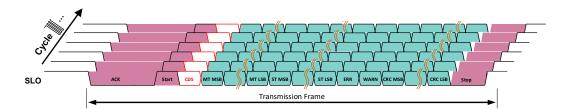
When using the BiSS C protocol, register communication is performed via the control frame. The control frame results from the Control Data (CDM and CDS), which is send every cycle in the transmission frame,

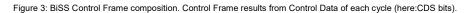
MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

see figure 3 for an example. The corresponding timing diagram of the control frame is illustrated in figures 4 and 5.

The control frame is started after passing on at least 14 consecutive cycles with CDM = "0" (note, that CDM bit is inverted). The read and write access to the registers is started by setting the start bit and the Control Select bit (CTS) to "1". Afterwards the device ID of the slave (3 bits, here: 0x00) is send, followed by the desired register address ADR (7 bits) and CRC (4 bits). If multiple slaves are connected, ID Lock bits (IDL) are sent back to communicate which slaves are occupied at present. The next two CDM bits R and W determine, whether a read or write access is set to the addressed register. For read access send RW = "10", for write access send RW = "01."

If the addressed register is being written, the slave sends back the read value to the master for confirmation. The control frame ends with a stop bit "0" and subsequently a new frame can be started.





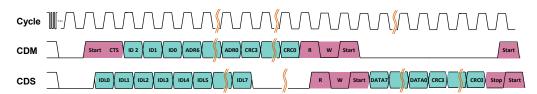


Figure 4: BiSS Control Frame, read access. Timing diagram of command communication.

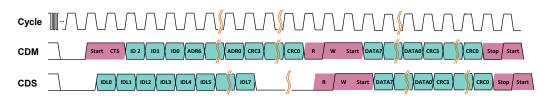


Figure 5: BiSS Control Frame, write access. Timing diagram of command communication.

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

4. Registers

Due to the limited number of 7 bits for addressing, the accessible memory is partitioned into two 64 byte sections. The first section is defined from address 0x00 to 0x3F and is called bank section. The content of these registers depends on the selected bank. The active bank is selected by the bank selection register (address 0x40). The second section is fixed and always directly accessible from address 0x40 to 0x7F, called direct register.

The kit encoder has 68 banks which are used e.g. for encoder functions, to save electronic datasheets (EDS Encoder Data, EDS Motor Data) and OEM data. Bank 0x00 and 0x01 are used to execute special encoder functions such as the Wiegand sensor test. Bank 0x02 and 0x03 contain the electronic datasheets (EDS). Banks 0x04 to 0x43 are empty upon delivery and can be used to save data for your own needs e.g. motor related data. A detailed overview of the registers and the register entries is provided in the appendix, see 7.1 Register Overview.

4.1 Register Accessing

Registers can be addressed by using the BiSS register communication. The direct registers (second section) can be addressed directly. To access a specific bank register, write the bank number to the bank select register (address 0x40).

The following **example** demonstrates the reading of the "Minimum BiSS timeout", located in register 0x05 in bank 0x02 (EDS Encoder Data):

1. Select bank 2:

Write value 0x02 to the bank select register 0x40 (direct register).

2. Read register 0x05. The read value contains the "Minimum BiSS timeout".

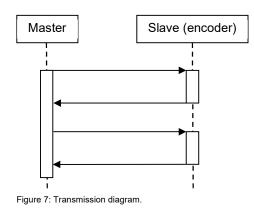
Register Address	Size	Bank 0x000x01	Bank 0x020x03	Bank 0x040x23	Bank 0x240x43	
0x00 0x3F	64 byte	Special Encoder Functions	EDS Encoder Data	EDS Motor Data	OEM Data	
0x40 0x7F	64 byte	Direct Registers				

Figure 6: Register Map.

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

5. Configuration Interface (UBICOM)

The UBICOM protocol defines a simple protocol over the UART Interface. The Interface is used in halfduplex master slave mode. The slave (encoder) does only answer on request. Hardware connection with the encoder is made on the config pin.



5.1 Message Format

The data is sent with 115200 Baud in 8N1 over the UART port (RS232 TTL level).

	He	ader	Payload	Checksum	
Sync	Address	Command	LEN		
0x80	<node></node>	<cmd></cmd>	LSB> <msb><</msb>	<data_0> <data_n></data_n></data_0>	<chk></chk>

SYNC	Start of frame is always 0x80.			
Address	0x01			
Command	See description below			
LEN	Length of Data (only the Data content count)			
Payload	Depends on command. See description			
Checksum	The checksum is calculated over all bytes and then inverted.			
	Example: NOT(0x80+0x01+0x01+0x02+0x00+0x00)			
	= NOT(0x84) = 0x7B			

Table 4: UBICOM definitions.

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

5.2 Commands

Read parameter

Get status information from the Slave. This is also used to determine if a programming cycle has completed. Overview of Address Global please refer to chapter 9.1 Register Overview.

Command	Name	LEN	Payload
0x01	Read parameter	0x02	<address global=""></address>
Table 5: Comman	d read message (Master -> Slave)	

The DUT replies with a status message:

Command	Name	LEN	Payload
0x01	Read parameter	0x01	<address global=""></address>

Table 6: Command read response (Slave -> Master)

Write parameter

Get status information from the slave. This is also used to determine if a programming cycle has completed.

Command	Name	LEN	Payload		
0x02	Write parameter	0x03	< Address Global > <data></data>		
Table 7: Command write message (Master -> Slave)					

Table 7: Command write message (Master -> Slave)

The DUT replies with a status message:

Command	Name	LEN	Payload	
0x02	0x02 Write parameter		<status></status>	

 Table 8: Command write response (Slave -> Master)

The status is DATA_ACK==0x90 or DATA_NAK==0xA0.

Get position word

Command	Name	LEN	Payload
0x03	Get position word	0x01	0x01

Table 9: Command get position (Master -> Slave)

The slave replies with the positon word. The data is transmitted LSB first. The position data has a length of 33 bit with 16 bit MT and 17 bit ST.

Command	Name	LEN	Payload			
0x03	Get position word	0x05	<lsb> Position word <msb></msb></lsb>			
Table 10: Command get position response (Slave -> Master)						

Note, the use of the UBICOM protocol via the config pin is valid from firmware version 1.2.0.

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

6. Hardware and Software Features

6.1 Function Overview

The BiSS C kit encoder provides a set of additional features aside the actual angle measurement:

- Temperature Readout
- Singleturn Calibration
- Wiegand Sensor Test
- OEM Data Storage
- Electronic Datasheets
- Filter Selection
- Preset Function
- Diagnostics

The features can be run directly by BiSS C register communication or by use of serial communication via the config pin using the UBICOM protocol. For the serial communication, there is a hardware and software available for direct application. For more details see chapter 7.

The activation of a feature requires the activation of the corresponding device mode, except for the temperature readout. The change of the device mode is password secured. To enable the device mode configuration, the password "0x2A" must be written to register 0x6B. Next, the desired register value is written to the device mode register 0x6A.

Command Register	Register Address (direct)
Password register (password: 0x2A)	0x6B
Device mode register	0x6A

The following device modes are available:

Device Mode Register	Register Value
Operation mode	0x00
Calibration mode	0x01
Wiegand Sensor Test mode	0x02
OEM/EDS Motor Data Write	0x04
Filter Selection mode	0x05
Preset mode	0x07

MANUAL

IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

Note

- All listed device features perform write cycles in the flash memory. Due to flash endurance, 1000 write cycles should not be exceeded.
- The device must be set back to operation mode, after carrying out a feature! The password register is not reset by changing the mode back to operation mode.

6.2 Temperature Readout

The BiSS C kit encoder has an internal temperature sensor, used to monitor the encoder temperature. The measured temperature value T_{reg} is stored in the direct register 0x66. The register value T_{reg} can be converted to °C with equation:

$$T[^{\circ}C] = T_{reg} - 50$$

and to °F with equation:

$$T[^{\circ}F] = 1.8 * T_{reg} + 32$$

The specifications of the integrated temperature sensor can be found in Table 11. A change of the device mode is not necessary for this encoder feature.

Attention: The sensor measures the encoder temperature and is not intended to substitute a motor temperature sensor!

No.	Register Address	Value	OP	Remark
1	0x66 (direct register)	T _{reg}	R	Read out temperature register.

Parameter	Symbol	Remark
Interface	TSI	BiSS register entry, size: 8 bit
Temperature Accuracy TSA		5 °C
Temperature Range TSR		-40 to 130 °C

Table 11: Temperature Sensor Properties.

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

6.3 Wiegand Sensor Test

The BiSS C kit encoder uses a magnetic Wiegand counter to provide absolute multiturn values. The software integrated Wiegand sensor test measures the Wiegand sensor properties, by analyzing Wiegand pulses for 515 motor shaft revolutions. The test must be carried out for both clockwise (CW) and counter clockwise (CCW) rotations and is performed by the following sequence. Carry out the sequence for CW first and afterwards for CCW direction.

VIDEO INSTRUCTION

No.	Register Address	Value	OP	Remark
1	-	-	-	Run the motor at constant rotation speed in CW direction.
				A rotation speed of 500-2000 rpm is recommended.
2	0x6B (direct register)	0x2A	W	Enable device mode configuration: Write password 0x2A
				to register.
3	0x6A (direct register)	0x02	W	Change device mode to Wiegand sensor test mode.
4	0x40 (direct register)	0x00	W	Select bank 0: Write value 0x00 to the bank selection reg-
				ister.
5	0x06 (bank 0)	0x01	W	Start Wiegand sensor test, CW direction.
				The duration of the test routine depends on the rotation
				speed of the motor. The test must run for at least 515 mo-
				tor revolutions.
6	0x07 (bank 0)		R	Check the result of the test by reading the Wiegand sen-
				sor test status register. If the pulse collection in CW direc-
				tion is active, the register value is 0x01. If the pulse collec-
				tion in CW direction is finished, the routine waits for the
				change of motor direction to CCW (value 0x03).
7	-	-	-	Run the motor in CCW direction.
8	0x06 (bank 0)	0x02	W	Start Wiegand sensor test, CCW direction.
9	0x07 (bank 0)		R	Check the result of the test by reading the Wiegand sen-
				sor test status register. If the pulse collection in CCW direc-
				tion is active, the register value is 0x04. If the pulse collec-
				tion in CCW direction is finished, the test is completed
				(value 0x06).
10	0x06 (bank 0)	0x05	W	Save the acquired result data permanently. The saved
				data is not visible until an encoder reboot.
11	0x06 (bank 0)	0x03	W	Finish test.
12	0x6A (direct register)	0x00	W	Change device mode back to operation mode.

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

The saved result data can be checked at any time, if step 10 was executed. The average pulse height of the analyzed pulses and its standard deviation is saved for CW and CCW direction. A Wiegand pulse height average minus 4x standard deviation greater than 5.3 V is recommended for operation.

Wiegand Sensor Test Status Register	Register Value
Test stopped	0x00
Pulse Collection active (CW)	0x01
Wait for change of motor rotation direction	0x03
Wrong motor rotation direction	0x30
Pulse Collection active (CCW)	0x04
Test complete	0x06
Test failed	0x07
Result Data (last test)	Register Address (bank 0)
	Register Address (bank 0)
Average Pulses (CW)	. . ,
Average Pulses (CW) Average minus 4x Standard Deviation (CW)	0x09
Result Data (last test) Average Pulses (CW) Average minus 4x Standard Deviation (CW) Average Pulses (CCW) Average minus 4x Standard Deviation (CCW)	0x09 0x0A
Average Pulses (CW) Average minus 4x Standard Deviation (CW) Average Pulses (CCW)	0x09 0x0A 0x0B
Average Pulses (CW) Average minus 4x Standard Deviation (CW) Average Pulses (CCW) Average minus 4x Standard Deviation (CCW)	0x09 0x0A 0x0B
Average Pulses (CW) Average minus 4x Standard Deviation (CW) Average Pulses (CCW)	0x09 0x0A 0x0B 0x0C

Average minus 4x Standard Deviation (CCW)

Average Pulses (CCW)

Note

- The result data values must be divided by 10 to get the value in volts.
- The Wiegand sensor test can be stopped at any time by writing value 0x03 to the pulse testing command register (0x06, bank 0).

0x13

0x14

 The measured pulses are not depended on rotation speed, but low rotation speeds can lead to long test times.

Attention

- The encoder cannot be used as a feedback system during the test!
- It is mandatory to run the Wiegand sensor test once after installation is finished.
- The encoder is not able to identify the rotation direction of the motor during the test, so make sure rotation and test direction match.

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

6.4 Calibration

The electronic calibration of the BiSS kit encoder is required to improve the measurement accuracy of the kit encoder after installation.

The device is delivered in a pre-calibrated state. In factory state the accuracy of the encoder after installation the 22mm version is limited to an angle error below $\pm 0.5^{\circ}$ typically and the 36mm version is limited to an angle error below $\pm 0.3^{\circ}$ typically. This is caused by mechanical tolerances during the mounting of the kit encoder onto the motor shaft (static or build-up tolerances). By using the offered electronic calibration procedure, the impact of the static mounting tolerances on the kit encoder accuracy can be cancelled out and the system angle error will be improved towards the specified accuracy. Existing calibration is not lost when starting new calibration.

Please note, that after the electronic calibration further movements of the mounted magnet on the shaft towards the kit encoder (due to dynamic tolerances e.g. thermal expansion of the shaft or play of the ball bearing) should be minimized as these tolerances have a negative impact on the total system accuracy. For specific static and dynamic tolerance values refer to the datasheet of the corresponding Kit encoder.

External Conditions for Calibration

To successfully calibrate the BiSS kit encoder several external conditions must be fulfilled. The sensor must be completely mounted (including top shield for magnetic shielding) and fixed in the final position before the calibration is started. All external conditions should match the normal operation conditions as far as possible. The operating temperature of the kit encoder must be in the range of 25 °C to 40 °C (77 °F to 104 °F).

Calibration Register	Register Address (bank 0)		
Command register	0x00		
Status register	0x01		
Calibration Status Register	Register Value		
Calibration running	0x01		
Calibration finished (CCW)	0x02		
Calibration finished (CW)	0x22		
Wrong rotation direction	0x30		
Temperature out of range	0x31		
Motor speed out of range	0x32		
Calibration failure	0x33		

MANUAL

IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

Calibration Procedure

Description of recommended motor speed settings:

- Applicable speed range for
 - 36 mm kit between 300 rpm and 700 rpm
 - 22 mm kit between 300 rpm and 1200 rpm
- Assure synchronized speed with max. fluctuation of ± 2 rpm
- Recommended motor speed = 500rpm, synchronized speed ± 2 rpm

Note:

- resulting angular accuracy is directly dependent on the rotational speed uniformity
- filter setting V3B (default) has to be active, when calibration is performed

The calibration procedure is performed by carrying out the following sequence:

VIDEO INSTRUCTION

No.	Register Address	Value	OP	Remark
1	-	-	-	Run the motor in CCW direction at constant rotation
				speed of 500 rpm < ±2 rpm.
2	0x6B (direct register)	0x2A	W	Unlock device mode configuration: Write password 0x2A
				to register.
3	0x6A (direct register)	0x01	W	Change the device mode to calibration mode.
4	0x40 (direct register)	0x00	W	Select bank 0: Write value 0x00 to the bank selection reg-
				ister.
5	0x00 (bank 0)	0x01	W	Start the calibration routine, CCW direction:
				Write value 0x01 to the calibration command register. The
				execution of the calibration routine takes about 5 seconds
				and stops automatically.
6	0x01 (bank 0)		R	Read the calibration status until the register value is
				0x02, then the calibration in CCW direction is finished.
				Note that while the encoder is performing the calibration, it
				may not respond.
7	-	-	-	Run the motor in CW direction.
8	0x00 (bank 0)	0x02	W	Start the calibration routine, CW direction: Write value
				0x02 to the calibration command register.
9	0x01 (bank 0)		R	Read the calibration status register until the register
				value is 0x22, then the calibration in CW direction is fin-
				ished. The calibration data is saved automatically.
10	0x6A (direct register)	0x00	W	Change the device mode back to operation mode.

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

Note, that If calibration fails in CW direction the calibration table is lost, which leads to an increase of the angle error.

Attention: The encoder cannot be used as a feedback system during calibration!

6.5 Data Storage

The BiSS kit encoder offers the capability to access two different internal memory regions to store data: The EDS-Motor-Data and the OEM-Data. The corresponding memory addresses are given in table 9. The accessibility of the specific memory depends on the access rights.

Memory	Start-Addr.	End-Addr.	Access	Remark
EDS En- coder Data	Bank 0x02	Bank 0x03	R	We support the BiSS Profile 3 as Standard Encoder Profile.
EDS-Motor- Data	Bank 0x04	Bank 0x23	R/W	2 Kbyte Motor Data: customer specific motor data
OEM-Data	Bank 0x24	Bank 0x43	R/W	2 Kbyte OEM Memory: open access for customer use

Table 12: Data Storage Overview.

Writing the EDS-Motor-Data or OEM-Data is permitted by default. The write access is protected by a password. To write an EDS-Motor or OEM-Data register, carry out the following sequence:

No.	Register Address	Value	OP	Remark
1	0x6B (direct register)	0x2A	W	Unlock device mode configuration: Write password 0x2A
				to register.
2	0x6A (direct register)	0x04	W	Change the device mode to OEM / EDS Motor Data Write.
3	0x40 (direct register)	0x00	W	Select bank 0: Write value 0x00 to the bank selection reg-
				ister.
4	0x1B (bank 0)		R	Get write access: Read OEM / EDS-Motor Data Write sta-
				tus register until a value of 0x00 indicates permission to get
				write access to the EDS-Motor Data.
5	0x1A (bank 0)	0x01	W	Write the value to the OEM / EDS-Motor Data Write com-
		or		mand register.
		0x02		0x01: access EDS-Motor Data
				0x02: access OEM-Data

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

6			W	Write data to the desired register, by using the BiSS register communication.
7	0x1B (bank 0)		R	Get save access: Read the OEM / EDS-Motor Data Write status register until a value of 0x01 indicates permission to get save access to the EDS-Motor Data.
8	0x1A (bank 0)	0x03	W	Write data to flash memory: Write the value 0x03 to the OEM / EDS-Motor Data Write command register.
9	0x1A (bank 0)	0x04	W	(Optional) Cancel write access: Write the value 0x04 to the OEM / EDS-Motor Data Write command register.
10	0x6A (direct register)	0x00	W	Change the device mode back to operation mode.

OEM / EDS-Motor Data Register	Register Address (bank 0)
Command register	0x1A
Status register	0x1B

OEM / EDS-Motor Data Command	Register Value
Get write access EDS-Motor Data	0x01
Get write access OEM-Data	0x02
Save data	0x03
Cancel write access	0x04

OEM / EDS-Motor Data Status Register	Register Value
Wait for write access	0x00
Wait for save command	0x01

Attention: Reading and writing data during motor operation is not allowed.

6.6 Filter Selection

The BiSS kit encoder offers two different filter options:

Balanced (default)

This filter provides a very well-balanced relation of signal noise and dynamic behavior.

Dynamic

This filter provides position values with short latency, but increased signal noise. Therefore, this filter is suitable for very fast and dynamic motor control loops.

To check which filter is currently active, read direct register 0x6E (balanced: 0x03, dynamic: 0x04). To activate a filter setting, carry out the following sequence:

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

No.	Register Address	Value	OP	Remark
1	0x6B (direct register)	0x2A	W	Enable device mode configuration: Write password 0x2A
				to register.
2	0x6A (direct register)	0x05	W	Change device mode to filter selection mode.
3	0x40 (direct register)	0x00	W	Select bank 0: Write value 0x00 to the bank selection reg-
				ister.
4	0x25 (bank 0)		R	Get write access: Read filter status register. A value of
				0x00 indicates permission to get write access.
5	0x24 (bank 0)	0x01	W	Write value 0x01 to the filter command register.
6	0x25 (bank 0)		R	Read filter status register. A value of 0x02 indicates waiting
				for value.
7	0x24 (bank 0)		W	Set filter:
				 Balanced filter, value 0x03
				 Dynamic filter, value 0x04
8	0x25 (bank 0)		R	Save filter selection:
				Read filter status register. A value of 0x01 indicates permis-
				sion to save filter settings.
9	0x24 (bank 0)	0x02	W	Write value to filter command register.
				Encoder reboots with new filter setting.
10	0x6A (direct register)	0x00	W	Change the device mode back to operation mode.

Filter Selection Register	Register Address (bank 0)
Command register	0x24
Status register	0x25

Commands	Register Value
Get write access	0x01
Save filter selection	0x02
Balanced filter	0x03
Dynamic filter	0x04

Attention: The encoder cannot be used as a feedback system during the filter change!

Note, that the filter selection feature is only supported from firmware version 1.1.0.

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

6.7 Preset Function

The preset function can be used to adapt the encoder position to the mechanical alignment of the system. By performing a preset, the actual position value of the encoder is set to the desired preset value. The preset value is specified in registers 0x02 to 0x07 (bank 1). In registers 0x02 to 0x04 (bank 1) the singleturn preset value is saved in little endian format. In registers 0x05 to 0x07 (bank 1) the multiturn preset value is saved in little endian format. The preset can be triggered via hardware or software.

Preset Value	Singlet	urn preset	value	lue Multiturn preset value		
Register Address (bank 1)	0x02	0x03	0x04	0x05	0x06	0x07
Endianness	LSB		MSB	LSB		MSB

Table 13: Preset value register.

Hardware preset

The hardware preset performs a ST + MT preset by default. To perform a preset, the voltage level at the preset pin has to be pulled to V_{preset} and hold for at least t_{min} = 100 ms (see Table 14, see Figure 8). The manufacturer preset value is 0 by default. After t_{min} the preset value is overtaken independent of a longer high level on the input channel and the kit encoder is conducting a reset.

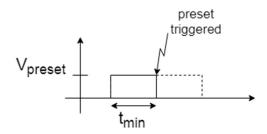


Figure 8: Preset hardware trigger.

Software preset

To change the preset value and perform a preset via software, follow the steps below:

No.	Register Address	Value	OP	Remark
1	0x6B (direct register)	0x2A	W	Enable device mode configuration: Write password 0x2A
				to register.
2	0x6A (direct register)	0x07	W	Change device mode to preset mode.
3	0x40 (direct register)	0x01	W	Select bank 1: Write value 0x01 to the bank selection
				register.
				To set the target preset value or configure the hardware
				preset, continue with step 4.
				To directly perform a preset, continue with step 11.
4	0x00 (bank 1)	0x02	W	Enable preset value edit.

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

5	0x01 (bank 1)		R	Read status register, a value of 0x01 indicates waiting for value to enter.
6	0x02 – 0x04 (bank 1)		W	Enter singleturn preset value.
7	0x05 – 0x07 (bank 1)		W	Enter multiturn preset value.
8	0x08 (bank 1)	0x01	W	Enter hardware preset configuration.
		0x02		 ST + MT, 0x01 (Default)
		0x03		 ST, 0x02
				• MT, 0x03
9	0x00 (bank 1)	0x03	W	Save preset value. Encoder restarts.
10				Repeat steps 1, 2, 3 to enter preset mode again.
11	0x00 (bank 1)	0x01	W	Perform preset:
		0x04		 ST + MT, 0x01
		0x05		 ST, 0x04
				 MT, 0x05
				Encoder restarts with preset value.

Example

Assuming it is desired to preset the singleturn position of a kit encoder with 17 bit singleturn resolution.

Desired singleturn position:	270°
Corresponding decimal value in digits:	98304
Expressed as a hex value:	0x18000

For this configuration, the register entries must be set as follows:

Register Address (bank 1)	0x02	0x03	0x04
Register Value	0x00	0x80	0x01

Preset Registers	Register Address (bank 1)	
Command register	0x00	
Status register	0x01	
Singleturn preset value register	0x02 - 0x04	
Multiturn preset value register	0x05 – 0x07	
Hardware preset configuration register	0x08	

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

Commands	Register Value
Perform preset (ST + MT)	0x01
Perform preset (ST)	0x04
Perform preset (MT)	0x05
Enable preset value edit	0x02
Save preset value	0x03

Hardware Preset Configuration	Register Value
ST + MT (Default)	0x01
ST	0x02
MT	0x03

Note

- The preset function is supported starting with KCD-BC01B-1617-XXXX-XXX, corresponding to firmware version 1.2.0.
- The commands "Perform preset (ST)" and "Perform preset (MT)" are supported with KCD-BC03B-XX17-XXXX-XXX corresponding to firmware version 1.6.0.
- The Hardware preset configuration is supported with KCD-BC<u>1</u>3B-XXXX-XXXX from firmware version 1.12.0.

ltem No.	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
401	Preset voltage	Vpreset	3.3		VCC	v	-
402	Preset low voltage level				1.2	V	-
403	Preset hold time	t _{min}	100			ms	-
404	Preset value			0			-

Table 14: Preset parameter table.

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

6.8 Diagnostics

- 1. BiSS-C Interface provides 2 bits: "ERR" (error) and "WARN" (warning) bit, which are set in any error or warning case. The bit value has an inverted logic meaning that value of "0" represents an "active fault state" and "1" stands for "no fault state".
- 2. Register Values

Error Register (1 Byte)

Error Bit	Description	Comment
0	FRAM Error	Error detected in FRAM
1	Multiturn Error	Synchronization error
2	Singleturn Error	Position sensor error (e.g. voltage dump)
3	Temperature Sensor Fault	Temperature sensor error
4	Magnetic Field too low	e.g. detect missing magnet
5-7	Not used	

Warning Register (1 Byte)

Warning Bit	Description	Comment
0	Temperature too high	Set at T >= 125°C, clear warning at T < 123°C
1-7	Not used	

The register addresses are defined in the register tables (appendix).

Note

 Diagnostic functions are supported starting with KCD-BC<u>03</u>B-XX17-XXXX-XXX, corresponding to firmware version 1.6.0.

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

7. Plug & Play via USB

For easy commissioning there is the option to connect the encoder to a PC and access, configure or calibrate the encoder. We do recommend two ready-to-use solutions.

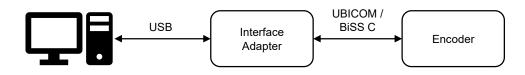


Figure 9: Connection of interface adapter.

7.1 Kit Control Box

Using UBICOM for communication

- Access position and register data
- Software GUI to run the main kit encoder functions
- Easy way to perform calibration, preset, Wiegand sensor test and configure filter settings
- Update firmware (available from firmware 1.6.0)
- Readout encoder temperature and firmware version
- Alternatively program your own encoder related requests based on the UBICOM protocol

Note

In case Kit Control Box is used for configuration of KCD-BC03B-XXXX-XXXF-XXX (Ø 22 mm), to prevent an encoder kit from electrical damage, please, ensure, that the control box has been produced not earlier than in 2020-05 and that the appropriate adapter cable is used. If an older version is available, please, contact us to arrange an update.

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

VIDEO INSTRUCTION

Collimation			
Wingard Samar Test	Start Calibration	Calibration star Calibration star	
Fiber Selection			
Saginy Carrenamication			
64			



Figure 10: Kit Control Box and software GUI by POSITAL.

For more details see:

https://www.posital.com/en/products/kit-encoders/kit-control-box.php

7.2 BiSS Reader

Using BiSS C for communication

- Access position and register data
- Encoder features can be run by BiSS C register communication

VIDEO INSTRUCTION

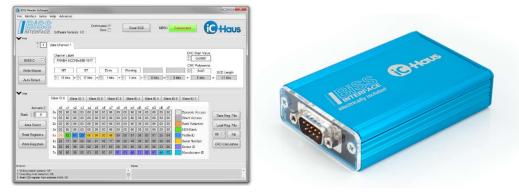


Figure 11: BiSS reader software and BiSS reader MB5U by iC-Haus. [3]

For more details see:

http://www.ichaus.de/product/MB3U http://www.ichaus.de/product/MB5U

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

8. References

iC-Haus GmbH: BiSS Interface - PROTOCOL DESCRIPTION (C-Mode). Rev C5, 2008.
 iC-Haus GmbH: BiSS Interface AN3: CYCLIC REDUNDANCY CODES. Rev E1, 2012.

[3] iC-Haus GmbH: MB5U High Performance isolated BiSS to PC Adapter (USB). Rev B1, 2018.

9. Appendix

9.1 Register Overview

9.1.1 Direct Registers

Address Register	Address Global	Description / Symbol	Access
0x40	0x00	BANK Select	R/W
0x41	0x01	EDS Start Bank	R
0x42	0x02		R
0x43	0x03	Profile ID	R
0x44	0x04		R
0x45	0x05		R
0x46	0x06	Serial Number, U32	R
0x47	0x07	_	R
0x66	0x26	Temperature Intern	R
0x68	0x28	Error Register	R
0x69	0x29	Warning Register	R
0x6A	0x2A	Device Mode	R/W
0x6B	0x2B	Protection	R/W
0x6E	0x2E	Selected Filter	R
0x74	0x34	Major Firmware Release	R
0x75	0x35	Minor Firmware Release	R
0x76	0x36	Firmware Patch Level	R

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

Address Register	Address Global	Description / Symbol	Access
0x78	0x38		R
0x79	0x39	-	R
0x7A	0x3A	Device ID	R
0x7B	0x3B		R
0x7C	0x3C		R
0x7D	0x3D	-	R
0x7E	0x3E		R
0x7F	0x3F	Manufacturer Coder	R

Table 15: Direct Registers.

9.1.2 Bank 0 / Special Encoder Functions

Address Bank Reg- ister	Address Global	Description / Symbol	Access
0x00	0x40	Calibration Command	R/W
0x01	0x41	Calibration Status	R
0x06	0x46	Wiegand Sensor Test, Command Register	R/W
0x07	0x47	Wiegand Sensor Test, Status Register	R
0x08	0x48	Wiegand Sensor Test, Error Code	R
0x09	0x49	Wiegand Sensor Test, Average Pulses CW (last test re- sult)	R
0x0A	0x4A	Wiegand Sensor Test, Average minus 4x Standard Devi- ation CW (last test result)	R
0x0B	0x4B	Wiegand Sensor Test, Average Pulses CCW (last test result)	R
0x0C	0x4C	Wiegand Sensor Test, Average minus 4x Standard Devi- ation CCW (last test result)	R
0x0D	0x4D	Wiegand Sensor Test, Average Pulses CW (FRABA Production)	R

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

Address Bank Reg- ister	Address Global	Description / Symbol	Access
0x0E	0x4E	Wiegand Sensor Test, Average minus 4x Standard Devi- ation CW (FRABA Production)	
0x0F	0x4F	Wiegand Sensor Test, Average Pulses CCW (FRABA Production)	
0x10	0x50	Wiegand Sensor Test, Average minus 4x Standard Devi- ation CCW (FRABA Production)	R
0x11	0x51	Wiegand Sensor Test, Average Pulses CW (saved test result)	R
0x12	0x52	Wiegand Sensor Test, Average minus 4x Standard Devi- ation CW (saved test result)	R
0x13	0x53	Wiegand Sensor Test, Average Pulses CCW (saved test result)	R
0x14	0x54	Wiegand Sensor Test, Average minus 4x Standard Devi- ation CCW (saved test result)	R
0x1A	0x5A	OEM / EDS-Motor Data Write, Command Register	R/W
0x1B	0x5B	OEM / EDS-Motor Data Write, Status Register	R
0x24	0x64	Filter Selection, Command Register	R/W
0x25 6: Bank 0 / Spec	0x65	Filter Selection, Status Register	R

Table 16: Bank 0 / Special Encoder Functions.

9.1.3 Bank 1 / Special Encoder Functions

Address Bank Reg- ister	Address Global	Description / Symbol	Access
0x00	0x80	Preset Command	R/W
0x01	0x81	Preset Status	R
0x02	0x82	Preset singleturn value, byte 0	R/W
0x03	0x83	Preset singleturn value, byte 1	R/W

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

Address Bank Reg- ister	Address Global	Description / Symbol	Access
0x04	0x84	Preset singleturn value, byte 2	R/W
0x05	0x85	Preset multiturn value, byte 0	R/W
0x06	0x86	Preset multiturn value, byte 1	R/W
0x07	0x87	Preset multiturn value, byte 2	R/W
0x08	0x88	Preset hardware preset configuration	R/W

Table 17: Bank 1 / Special Encoder Functions.

9.1.4 Bank 2 / EDS Encoder Data

We support the BiSS Profile 3 as Standard Encoder Profile.

Address Bank Reg- ister	Address Global	Description / Symbol	Access
0x00	0xC0	EDS Version (continuous number)	R
0x01	0xC1	EDS Length (bank count completely)	R
0x02	0xC2	Bank Address USER Start (bank selection in address 64, 255 = not available)	
0x03	0xC3	Bank Address USER End (bank selection address 64)	R
0x05	0xC5	Minimum BiSS Timeout (0 = adaptive)	R
0x06	0xC6	Maximum BiSS Timeout (0 = adaptive)	R
0x0B	0xCB	Minimum Cycle Time (0 = no limitation)	R
0x0C	0xCC	Maximum Processing Time SCD	
0x0E	0xCE	Maximum "power on delay" until control communication	R
0x0F	0xCF	is available	R
0x10	0xD0	Number of data channel in this device (number of words)	R
0x11	0xD1	Area of validity for this EDS (number of slave addresses)	R
0x14	0xD4	Bank Address for content description data channel 1 (profile EDS)	R

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

Address Bank Reg- ister	Address Global	Description / Symbol	Access
0x15	0xD5	Data Length, Data Channel 1	R
0x16	0xD6	Data Format, Data Channel 1	R
0x17	0xD7	CRC Polynomial (8:1) for Data Channel 1	R
0x3F	0xFF	Checksum (addition of all bytes in this bank)	R

Table 18: Bank 2 / Electronic Data Sheet, Encoder Data.

9.1.5 Bank 3 / EDS Encoder Data

We support the BiSS Profile 3 as Standard Encoder Profile.

Address Bank Reg-	Address Global	Description / Symbol	Access
ister			
0x00	0x100	BiSS Profile 3 Version	R
0x01	0x101	Length of this profile	R
0x02	0x102	Profile Identification BP3 (content also	R
0x03	0x103	available in addresses 0x42 and 0x43)	R
0x04	0x104	Feedback bit 1	R
0x05	0x105	Feedback bit 2	R
0x06	0x106	Maximum "power on delay" until position data is availa- ble	R
0x08	0x108	Encoder Type	R
0x0A	0x10A	Data Length MULTITURN	R
0x0C	0x10C	Data Length COARSE	R
0x1C	0x11C		R
0x1D	0x11D		R
0x1E	0x11E	– CRC Polynomial (32:1)	R
0x1F	0x11F		R
0x20	0x120		R
0x21	0x121	- - CRC Start Value	R
0x22	0x122		R
0x23	0x123		R

MANUAL IXARC KIT ENCODERS WITH BISS C INTERFACE

Address	Address	Description / Symbol	Access
Bank Reg-	Global		
ister			
0x2C	0x12C	Maximum revolution speed/maximum speed [1/min]	R
0x2D	0x12D		R
0x30	0x130	Minimum operating temporature [1/]	R
0x31	0x131	- Minimum operating temperature [K]	R
0x32	0x132	- Maximum operating temperature [K]	R
0x33	0x133		R
0x34	0x134		R
0x35	0x135	 Minimum operating voltage [mV] 	R
0x36	0x136	Maximum an antine contract for (1)	R
0x37	0x137	- Maximum operating voltage [mV]	R
0x38	0x138	- Maximum current consumption [mA]	R
0x39	0x139		R
0x3F	0x13F	Checksum (addition of all bytes in this bank)	R

Table 19: Bank 3 / Electronic Data Sheet, Encoder Data.